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# ELSTREE RURAL DISTRICT



## HEALTH REPORT

1960



ELSTREE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

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## ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

G. WINN EVERETT, M.B., B.S., D.R.C.O.G.

together with the

## ANNUAL REPORT

of the

SENIOR PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

G. E. MALE, A.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

1960



EILSTREE      RURAL      DISTRICT      COUNCIL

Members of the Council  
(1960 - 1961)

Chairman

T.COOK, J.P.

Vice-Chairman

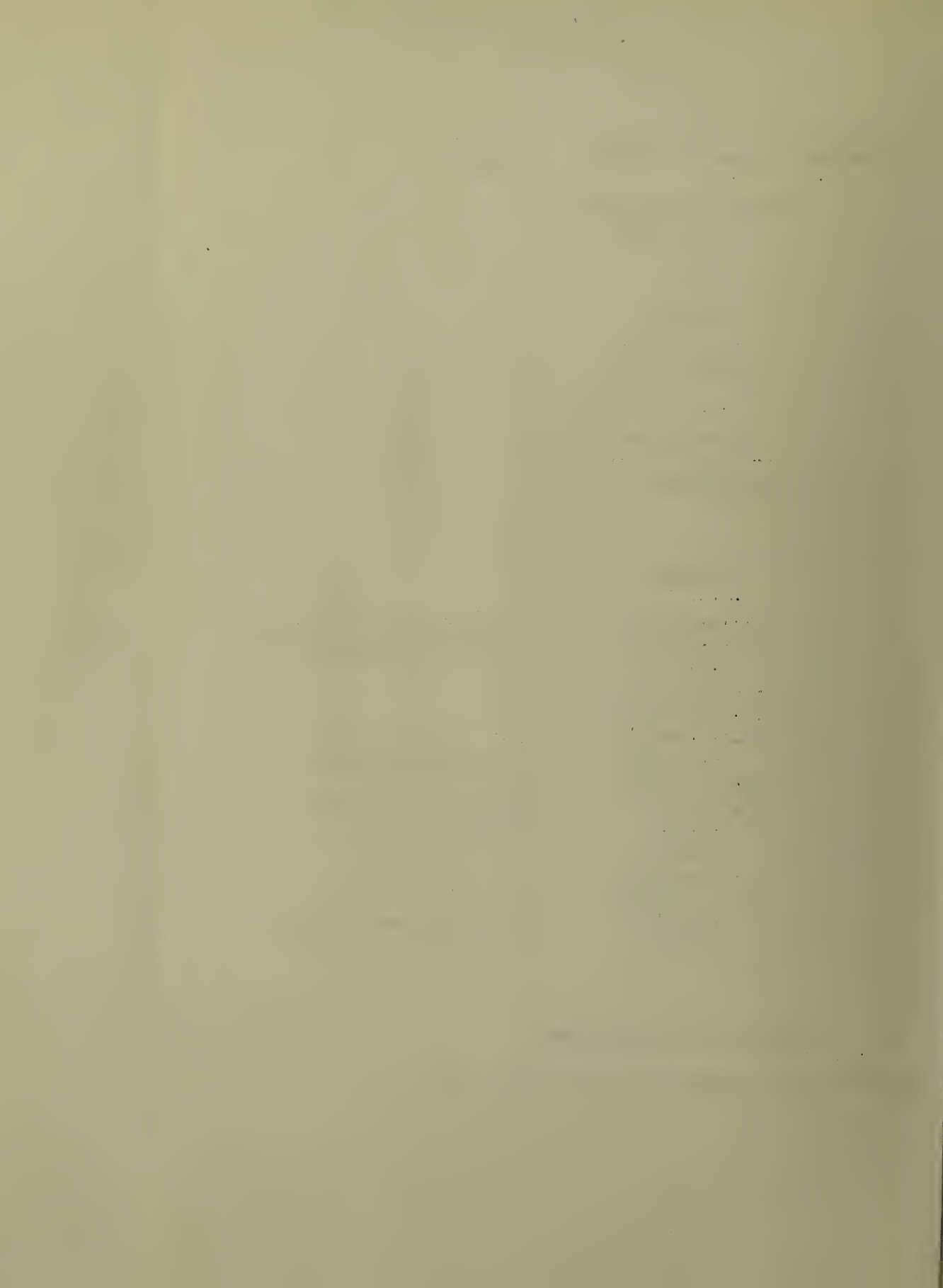
A.ARMSTRONG, J.P.

Members

R.A.ATKINSON	
W.J.B.BERTRAND	(Resigned September 1960)
W.A.E.CRICK	
R.C.CRUMP	
E.W.R.CUNNINGHAM	
L.S.H.HEADLEY	
A.J.JAFFE	(From October 1960)
Mrs.F.M.MURRAY	
G.S.P.SALMON	(Resigned June 1960)
G.SATTIN	
V.E.SMART	
R.STREATHER	
E.J.J.TREEVES	
N.C.WARD	(From September 1960)
G.WILKINS	

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Council Offices, Shenley Road, Borehamwood.



To the Chairman and Members of the  
Elstree Rural District Council

MR. CHAIRMAN, MADAM AND GENTLEMEN

I have pleasure in presenting my 20th Annual Report  
on the health of the district for the year 1960.

Once again I am pleased to state that there have been no  
epidemics of serious significance. The number of new cases of  
Tuberculosis notified was 17 compared with 22,18,18,13 and 15  
respectively in the years 1959 to 1955 inclusive. These  
figures do not include cases reported from Shenley Hospital.

The Elstree No. 1 Smoke Control Area came into operation  
on the 1st September and it is hoped to extend the area to  
cover the whole of the industrial and residential area of  
Borehamwood during the next five years. The public has  
co-operated very readily in this effort to improve the  
atmosphere over the town.

The environmental health conditions of our community are  
of a relatively high standard. We are fortunate in having no  
overcrowding problem and very few unfit houses. There are,  
however, many improvements which could, and I hope will be  
made in the future. In particular, the existence of a  
number of pail closets and the absence of bathrooms in many  
houses are matters which require attention. It is regret-  
table that more owners are not taking advantage of the grants  
which are available for these and other improvements.

I am pleased to record my thanks to the Council for  
their support during the year, to the officials and staff for  
their co-operation and in particular to Mr.A.D.S.Blackhall,  
the Senior Public Health Inspector who served the Council well  
for many years in that office and now continues in their service  
as Housing Officer. The Senior Public Health Inspector now is  
Mr.G.E.Male.

I am,

Your obedient servant,

G.WINN EVERETT,

Medical Officer of Health





Section A

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

OF THE AREA

Area	8,339 acres
Population (mid 1960 - Registrar General's Estimate)	29,260
Number of inhabited houses (end of 1960)	
Elstree	6,849
Shenley	467
Ridge	76
	7,392
Rateable Value (1st April 1961)	£505,542
Estimate product of a penny rate (1st April 1961)	£2,050

VITAL STATISTICS

<u>Births</u>	Total	M	F
Live Births	496	259	237
Live birth rate per 1,000 population	17.0		
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births	5.1		
Still-births	6	5	1
Still-birth rate per 1,000 live and still-births	12.0		
Total live and still-births	502	264	238
<u>Infant deaths</u> (Deaths under 1 year)	8	6	2
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births	16.1		
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births (legitimate)	17.1		
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births (illegitimate)	Nil		
Neo-natal mortality rate (deaths under 4 weeks) per 1,000 total live births	14.1		
Early neo-natal mortality rate (deaths under one week) per 1,000 total live births	14.1		
Perinatal mortality rate (still-births and deaths under one week combined per 1,000 live and still-births)	25.9		
<u>Maternal deaths</u> (including abortion)	Nil		
Maternal mortality rate per 1,000 live and still-births	Nil		

<u>DEATHS - Causes</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Tuberculosis	2	1	3
Syphilitic Diseases	3	0	3
Infective and Parasitic Diseases	0	1	1
Cancer - all forms and other malignant neoplasms	24	25	49
Leukaemia	0	1	1
Diabetes	0	2	2
Vascular lesions of nervous systems	14	19	33
Heart Diseases	33	69	102
Other Circulatory Diseases	8	9	17
Influenza	2	0	2
Pneumonia	19	17	36
Bronchitis	5	1	6
Other diseases of respiratory system	5	1	6
Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum	2	2	4
Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea	2	1	3
Nephritis and Nephrosis	0	1	1
Hyperplasia of prostate	3	0	3
Other defined and ill-defined diseases	15	11	26
Motor Vehicle Accidents	2	0	2
Other accidents	4	6	10
Suicide	3	1	4
Totals	146	168	314

Note: In considering the Death Rate, it should be observed that 195 deaths occurred of patients in Shenley Hospital and that they would not normally have resided in the district. The Death Rate excluding this number was 4.4

	Elstree R.D.C.		County of Hertford	England & Wales
	Actual	Standardised		
Birth Rate	17.0	15.3*	18.1	17.1
Death Rate	10.7	10.6*	9.3	11.5

\* Actual rate x Comparability Factor to give Standardised Rate

## NATURAL DRAINAGE AND GEOLOGICAL FORMATION

The direction of the natural drainage is roughly South-East to North-West in the South-West part, and Easterly in the Eastern part of the district. In the Southern part, comprising mainly the residential and industrial area of Borehamwood, Tykes Water in the West and the Rowley Lane stream in the East, discharge into the Thames via the River Colne and into the River Lee respectively. In addition, there is in the North-East part of the area, an outfall to the Lee via the Swallow Holes. These are the result of fissures in the chalk, the Mimmshall brook disappearing below ground at North Mimms, beyond the North Eastern boundary of the district.

The Southern half of the district, i.e. South of Green Street, is mainly London Clay to a depth of 200-350 feet. North of this point, extending into Shenley and flanked by London Clay, the subsoil is pebble gravel, with chalk and glacial gravel beyond. At the extreme North of the district, there is boulder clay on the East, with some alluvium and valley gravel on the West.

## SOCIAL CONDITIONS

The district comprises the parishes of Shenley and Ridge which are chiefly agricultural and residential, and Elstree. Elstree parish includes Borehamwood which since 1947 has developed from a village into a town of over 20,000 inhabitants. Its large modern factories, film studios and television studios provide employment for residents in the area and many who travel into the town daily from London and other places.

The London Midland Region Railway provides a fast and frequent service to London. Many residents live here in the green belt and travel to work daily by train, bus or private transport.

For a district which has undergone major change in a few years, including the inflow of over 4,000 families from London, the area is settling quickly into a community which is prosperous and healthy.

## Section B

### GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

#### 1. PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS

One part-time Medical Officer of Health

One Senior and one Additional Public Health Inspectors  
(Both qualified Public Health Inspectors and Meat and Food Inspectors).

The Additional Public Health Inspector is employed partly on Housing Management.

The General Purposes Committee deals with all matters relating to Public Health. They meet on the second Monday in each month and receive the reports of the Medical Officer of Health and the Public Health Inspector.

#### 2. (a) LABORATORY FACILITIES

Samples of water, milk, and ice-cream are examined at the Public Health Laboratory, Peace Memorial Hospital, Watford.

#### (b) AMBULANCE FACILITIES

Cases of infectious disease are conveyed to the Coppetts Wood Isolation Hospital, Muswell Hill and the West Hendon Hospital. The ambulance for non-infectious cases, provided by the Herts County Council, is stationed at the Fire Station, Elstree Way and is manned by the Herts Ambulance Brigade staff. If this service is not available, ambulances are on call from a pool controlled by the West Herts Divisional Control, St. Albans.

#### (c) NURSING IN THE HOME

The Area has six whole-time Health Visitors, three District Nurses employed on general nursing, three midwives and one nurse employed part-time on general nursing.

(d) TREATMENT CENTRES AND MATERNITY AND CHILD  
WELFARE CLINICS

(i) Elstree Way, Borehamwood

Ante-Natal: 2nd and 4th Mondays of the month at 2 p.m.  
Wednesdays at 2 p.m.

Infant Welfare: Thursdays 2 to 4 p.m.

Family Planning: Fridays 2.15 to 3.15 p.m.

Speech Therapy: Fridays 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon  
2 to 4.30 p.m.

Ophthalmic: Wednesdays 1.30 to 4 p.m.

Orthoptic: Mondays 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon  
2 to 4 p.m.

Diphtheria & Whooping Cough Immunisation:  
Fridays 10 to 11 a.m.

\*School Dental Clinic:

\*Orthodontic: Tuesdays 1.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.  
Alternate Saturday mornings.

\*Psychiatric: Wednesdays 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon.

(ii) Health Annexe, Greenacres School, Borehamwood

Ante-Natal: Thursdays 2 to 4 p.m.

Infant Welfare: Tuesdays 2 to 4 p.m.

\*Speech Therapy:

\*School Dental Clinic:

(iii) Health Annexe, Saffron Green School, Borehamwood

Infant Welfare: Tuesdays 2 to 4 p.m.

\*School Dental Clinic:

\*Speech Therapy:

(iv) Church Hall, Shenley

Infant Welfare & Immunisation:

1st & 3rd Wednesdays of the month 2 to 4 p.m.

\*Treatment by appointment only



(e) HOSPITALS

The Rural District of Elstree is covered by the North West Metropolitan Regional Hospital Board. Individual hospitals are managed by Hospital Management Committees.

## Barnet General Hospital

General Hospital with complement of 490 beds, with the usual medical and surgical facilities. Regular consultative clinics are as follows:-

Ante-Natal	Gynaecological	Physical medicine
Dental	Medical	Post-Natal
Dermatological	Neurology	Psychiatric
Chiropody	Ophthalmic	Radiotherapy
Ear, nose & throat	Orthopaedic	Sub-Fertility (Males)
Geriatric	Paediatric	Surgical
	Tuberculosis	

St. Stephens Hospital

Small general hospital with complement of 88 beds

Victoria Hospital, Wood Street, Barnet

Maternity Hospital with complement of 48 Maternity beds  
and 48 cots.

Clare Hall Hospital, South Mimms

Chest Hospital with complement of 334 beds

Child Guidance Clinic, Orchard Gate, Hill End, St. Albans

Child Guidance service: Monday to Friday 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.  
(Patients seen by appointment only)

St. Albans City Hospital, Normandy Road, St. Albans

Venereal Diseases: Females Tuesdays 5 to 7 p.m.  
Fridays 2 to 4 p.m.  
Males Thursdays 1.30 to 4 p.m.

St. Albans City Hospital, Church Crescent, St. Albans

Venereal Diseases: Males: Tuesdays 5 to 7 p.m.

Bushey & District Hospital, Bushey

General Hospital with complement of 37 beds

Coppetts Wood Hospital, London, N.20. (Telephone TUDor 9792)

Cases of Infectious Diseases<sup>A</sup> (excluding Smallpox) are taken to this hospital. Bed complement 144

## Section C

### SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

#### WATER SUPPLY

The Rural District has 3 parishes, Elstree, Shenley and Ridge.

The parish of Ridge and a small part of Elstree parish is supplied with water by the Lee Valley Water Company.

The parish of Shenley and the rest of Elstree parish is supplied with water by the Colne Valley Water Company.

I am indebted to the above-mentioned companies for the following information regarding the water supplied to the district.

1. The water supply has been satisfactory in quality and quantity.
2. 700 samples of raw water were submitted to bacteriological examination. The results were variable.  
  
2,760 samples of supply water were submitted to bacteriological examination. The results were very satisfactory.  
  
392 samples of raw water were examined chemically. The results were variable.  
  
589 samples of supply water were examined chemically. The results were very satisfactory.
3. Before distribution the supply water is chlorinated and partially dechlorinated. Part of the supply water is also filtered.
4. The water is not likely to be plumbo-solvent.
5. Of the 7392 houses in the district:
  - (a) 7,388 are supplied from public water mains direct to the houses.
  - (b) 3 by means of standpipes (Ridge Parish)
  - (c) One isolated house has a water supply from a private well.

## SEWAGE DISPOSAL

The main centres of population in the district are served by drains connected to the trunk sewer of the South-West Herts Main Drainage Authority, the sewage being treated at Rickmansworth. There are small treatment works within the district at Catherine Bourne and Bell Lane, Shenley, and at Watford Road, Elstree.

55 private septic tank disposal units are used for sewage treatment at farms and isolated dwellings.

## CLOSET ACCOMMODATION

The number of houses provided only with pail closets has steadily decreased but there are still 28 houses with these primitive arrangements, the contents of which are buried in the gardens. These houses have mains water supply and there is no reason why they should not be provided with water closets. Indeed, the owners may receive grants for carrying out such conversions. We shall continue to urge upon them the necessity to carry out such improvements.

There are also 148 caravans used as permanent homes within the district. 115 are on multiple caravan sites and have the use of water closets in communal blocks although these are in some instances over 160 yards from the caravan. Each caravan usually has a chemical closet, the contents of which are emptied into the drainage system.

With one exception, the 33 caravans stationed on individual sites have no proper drainage facilities. Every effort is being made to improve these conditions by using the provisions of the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960.

## PUBLIC CLEANSING

House refuse is collected weekly from the whole of the district by the Council's own staff (under the control of the Engineer and Surveyor), and disposed of by controlled tipping on the site of the disused sewage works at Medburn Farm, Elstree and at Moor Mills, Park Street, Nr. St. Albans.

Arrangements have been made to commence a 'pilot' scheme whereby 500 houses will be supplied with metal holders and disposable paper sacks instead of galvanised dustbins. This improved hygienic experiment will start in January 1961.



## SHOPS AND OFFICES

Normal routine inspections were carried out at these premises during the year. No statutory action was taken.

## SWIMMING POOLS

There are no public swimming pools in the Elstree Rural District.

## CLEAN AIR

The Council is a member of the National Society for Clean Air and is a constituent member of the London and Home Counties Clean Air Advisory Council.

On the 1st September 1960, the Elstree No. 1 Smoke Control Area came into operation. It extends over 260 acres and contains 1,500 houses, 40 factories, 2 schools and several other buildings. There has been excellent support and co-operation from all concerned and it is hoped that by 1965 the whole of Borehamwood will be included in Smoke Control Areas.

## RODENT CONTROL

One Rodent Operative is employed part-time on this work under the supervision of the Public Health Inspector. During the year, investigation was carried out at 481 properties for the purpose of rodent control. Of these, 118 were found to be infested with rats and 49 infested with mice. These were subsequently treated by the local authority.

The Council operate a free service for domestic premises but a charge is made for rodent control treatment carried out to business and other premises.

HOUSING (FINANCIAL PROVISIONS) ACT 1958  
HOUSE PURCHASE AND HOUSING ACT 1959

IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

Owners of dwellings may obtain grants up to half the cost of improving them or converting buildings into housing accommodation.

A Standard Grant of £155 is payable for the provision of a bath or shower, wash-hand basin, hot water supply, water closet and food storage facilities.

A grant up to £400 may be made at the discretion of the local authority for carrying out more extensive improvements.

There are certain conditions which must be observed for a period of ten years after a grant is made, but the owner is able to increase the rent by 8% of his expenditure on improvements. At the discretion of the local authority an even higher rent may be charged.

During the year, 4 applications were received for Discretionary Grants toward the improvement of houses in the district. Of these, 2 applications were approved.

8 applications were received for Standard Grants. All were approved.

The total amount of the grants made was £1,372.

RENT ACT 1957

CERTIFICATES OF DISREPAIR

3 applications for Certificates of Disrepair were received from tenants. In one instance the work was carried out before a Certificate could be issued. The repairs required to the other 2 houses were in progress at the end of the year and have since been completed.

# Section D

## INFECTIOUS DISEASES

The following table gives the incidence of notifiable diseases during the year:

Disease	Total notified	Total cases admitted to Hospital	Total deaths
Scarlet Fever	27		
Diphtheria	-		
Puerperal Pyrexia	2		
Erysipelas	-		
Measles	134		
Whooping Cough	77	4	
Pneumonia	3	2	
Dysentery	11	1	1
Polioomyelitis	-		
Food Poisoning	14		

Age-Group	Under 1	1 to 2	2 to 3	3 to 4	4 to 5	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 24	25 & over	Age Unknown	Totals
Scarlet Fever	1	1	2	1	2	14	6				27
Diphtheria											-
Puerperal Pyrexia									2		2
Erysipelas											-
Measles	5	10	12	10	9	83	3	1	1		134
Whooping Cough	11	7	7	9	6	29	5	1	2		77
Pneumonia						1			2		3
Dysentery						3	4	2	2		11
Polioomyelitis											-
Food Poisoning			1		3	1	3	1	5		14

TUBERCULOSIS - New cases and mortality during 1960

Age Group	New Cases				Deaths			
	Pulmonary		Non Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non Pulmonary	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Under 5								
5 to 14	1	2		1				
15 to 24		2						
25 to 44	3	1				1		
45 to 64	6	1						
65 & over					2			
Age Unknown								
* Totals	10	6	-	1	2	1	-	-

\* Not including patients resident in Shenley Mental Hospital

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH  
INSPECTOR

MR. CHAIRMAN, MADAM AND GENTLEMEN,

I have pleasure in presenting my Annual Report for the year 1960.

During the year, in addition to the routine work of the department, three matters received special attention.

As a result of the Slaughterhouses Report, the only private slaughterhouse in the district was closed. All meat now sold in the district is from animals slaughtered in other areas.

The Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960 enabled a start to be made on the improvement of living conditions for the families living permanently in caravans in the district. It will now be possible to ensure that better provision is made for their comfort, health, safety and recreational facilities. The Council's proposal to provide a municipal site will enable the existing single caravans on sites without proper amenities to be offered better facilities.

The most significant improvement during the year was the operation of the No. 1 Smoke Control Order, to be followed, it is hoped by further orders during the next five years by which time the whole of the town of Borehamwood will be a Smoke Control area. The ready co-operation of householders and industrialists has greatly assisted your officers in this work.

It gives me great pleasure to express my thanks to the Council for their confidence and support, and to the staff of the Public Health Department for their willing co-operation.

I am,

Your obedient servant,

G.E.MALE

Public Health Inspector



## INSPECTIONS DURING THE YEAR

A total of 1533 visits and inspections was made during the year to all types of premises. 301 inspections of food-preparing establishments were carried out.

62 Informal Notices were served during the year requiring the repair or remedy of defects.

## STATUTORY NOTICES

Nature of Defects	Statute	No. of Notices Served	No. of houses or premises affected
Housing Defects	Sec. 9 Housing Act 1957	2	2
Nuisances	Sec. 93 Public Health Act 1936	2	2

## HOUSING

In 1955 a five year programme was drawn up for the clearance of unfit houses. 52 houses were included in the list.

It is appropriate that the progress made during the five years should now be considered and the following table shows the action taken.

Year	Houses demolished	Closing Orders made	Total
1956	-	4	4
1957	25	1	26
1958	5	2	7
1959	4	2	6
1960	2	4	6
	36	13	49

At present there are 14 houses in the district which are considered to be unfit and which will need to be dealt with in the near future.



ANIMALS SLAUGHTERED AND INSPECTED AND PARTICULARS  
OF CONDEMNATIONS

	Cattle ex Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed			3	46	261	
Number inspected			3	46	261	
ALL DISEASES EXCEPT TUBERCULOSIS AND CYSTICERCI:						
Whole carcasses condemned						
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned					11	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci			Nil	Nil	4.2	
TUBERCULOSIS ONLY:						
Whole carcasses condemned						
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned					9	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis					3.4	
CYSTICERCOSIS:						
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned						
Carcasses submitted to treat- ment by refrigeration						
Generalised and totally condemned						



FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS, 1955  
Milk and Dairies Regulations

There are 6 purveyors retailing milk throughout the district and the following table gives details of milk licences issued. The Rural District of Elstree is included in the Milk (Special Designations) (Specified Areas) Order 1951 which requires that all milk sold in this area is of a special designation viz., Pasteurised, Sterilised or Tuberculin Tested.

No. of Licences Issued	Sterilised	Pasteurised	Tuberculin Tested	Total
Dealers' Licences	11	9	5	25
Supplementary Licences	4	4	4	12

The following table gives particulars of samples taken during the year from purveyors within the district. All samples satisfied the prescribed tests as required by the Milk and Dairies Regulations.

Total No. of Samples	Tuberculin Tested Pasteurised	Pasteurised
26	8	18

ICE CREAM (HEAT TREATMENT) REGULATIONS  
1959

Under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, there are only two registrations in the district of premises used for the manufacture and sale of ice-cream, and 44 premises registered for the sale of ice-cream.

9 samples were taken during the year of which one was from a vendor trading ice-cream manufactured outside the district, and the remainder from the manufacturers within the district. The results of the bacteriological examinations are as follows:-

Grade I	Grade II	Grade III	Grade IV
9	-	-	-

## FOOD PREMISES

There are 173 premises in the district where food is prepared for sale, or sold, or offered or exposed for sale to the public. 301 inspections were made in enforcing the provisions of various legislation at present in force, including the Food Hygiene Regulations, 1960.

The following table gives a summary of the types of food premises in the area.

General provision shops	32	Butchers shops	15
Confectioners (Sweets etc.)	14	Greengrocers	13
Confectioners (Bakers)	5	Fishmongers	5
Ice cream manufacturers	2	Bakehouses	4
Cafes and Restaurants	10	Factory Canteens	18
Building site canteens	2	School Canteens	17
Licensed Premises	21	Stalls	3
Chemists	6	Off Licences	7

The general standard of hygiene maintained in the premises where food is handled is good, but with the growth of the district and with other work to be done, it has not been possible to make routine visits to these establishments as frequently as one would wish. The Council approved the appointment of another Public Health Inspector towards the end of the year, and it is hoped that in 1961 more time will be able to be devoted to this work.

## FOOD & DRUGS ADMINISTRATION

The Hertfordshire County Council are responsible for sampling Food and Drugs in this district and I am indebted to Mr. E. H. Griffiths, Divisional Inspector, Weights & Measures Department for the following information regarding samples taken in the Elstree Rural District during 1960:-

- (1) Food other than milk - 11 samples - all genuine.
- (2) Milk - 40 samples - none adulterated; but one ordinary milk was 7% deficient of the presumptive standard in milk fat. This deficiency was traced to supplies coming from a farmer outside the district. The farmer's milk was found to be genuine milk of low quality. This source of milk was diverted from the dairyman for a period, during which the farmer adjusted the cows' diets. When the farmer got the milk up to standard again, it was again collected by the dairyman, and subsequent samples of this milk have shown it to be satisfactory.

In addition, one sample of Channel Islands Milk was found to be 5% deficient of the standard for milk fat in that kind of milk. Again this was traced to a farm outside the district. Investigation showed that this source of milk had fallen below standard for a short period, but at the end of the investigation, the milk from this herd, the quality of which was rising, had reached the required standard. Even when below standard it was genuine, unadulterated milk. Subsequent samples have shown that the quality of this milk has been maintained.

During the investigations into these two sub-standard milks, 27 samples were taken at the farms outside the district.

In addition to the information given above, it must be borne in mind that the County Council's Inspector also takes samples in neighbouring rural districts - often of food which is being sold also within this district - and thereby adds to the protection of the consumers in the Elstree Rural District.

**FACTORIES ACT, 1937**  
**ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1960**

Part 1 of the Act

Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health

Premises	Number on Register	Number of		Occupiers Prosecuted
		Inspections	Written Notices	
Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	6	5	-	-
Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	97	52	4	-
Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	2	2	1	-
Total	105	59	5	-

# CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND

	Number of cases in which defects were found			Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted	
	Found	Remedied	Referred		
			To H.M. Inspector		By H.M. Inspector
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	-	-	-	-	
Overcrowding	-	-	-	-	
Unreasonable temperature (S.2)	-	-	-	-	
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-	-	-	-	
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-	-	
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)	-	-	-	-	
(a) Insufficient	3	3	-	1	
(b) Unsuitable or defective	2	2	-	-	
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork	-	-	-	-	
Total	5	5	-	1	

Outworkers: Number of Outworkers in the district during the year was 31  
 Nature of Work: Making of wearing apparel.

